# Pravin R. Rathi & Associates

Rathi Nagar, Back of Mahindra Children's Traffic Park, Behind Tupsakhre Lawns, Nashik- 422002

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF ASHOKA PRE-CON PRIVATE LIMITED

# **Report on the Audit of Ind AS Financial Statements**

# Opinion

We have audited the Ind AS financial statements of **Ashoka Pre-Con Private Limited** ("the Company"), which comprise the balance sheet as at 31st March 2019, the statement of Profit and Loss, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2019, and its profit/loss, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

# **Emphasis of matter**

We draw attention to the following matters in the Notes to the financial statements.

a) Note No. 27 to the Ind AS financial statement which, describe the uncertainty related to the outcome of the out of Court settlement by theCompany against the levy of Municipal Tax by Sinnar Municipal Corporation,

# **Basis For Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report.* We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

# Responsibility of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Ind AS Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process.

# Auditors Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

• Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

# **Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements**

As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, is given in "Annexure A".

As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:

(a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.

- (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, (the Statement of Changes in Equity) and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
- (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2019 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2019 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
- (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B".
- (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended by the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2017, in our opinion and to the best of our Information and according to the explanations given to us:
- i. There is no pending litigations on its financial position in its Ind AS financial statements.
- ii. The Company did not have any long term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
- iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

For Pravin R. Rathi & Associates Chartered Accountants, Firm Reg. No. 131494W

Place : Nashik Date : May 11, 2019

Sd/-Ravi K. Rathi Partner Membership No. 120776 Address: Rathi Nagar, Behind Tupasakhre Lawns, Near Mahindra Education Park, Tidke Colony, Nashik-422002

# ANNEXURE A TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (Referred to in paragraph 1 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the members of Ashoka Pre-Con Private Limited of even date)

i) (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.

(b) The Fixed Assets have been physically verified by the management at year end and no material discrepancy were noted on such verification;

(c) The title deeds of immovable properties are held in the name of the company.

- ii) The management has conducted physical verification of inventory at reasonable intervals and discrepancies noticed on such verifications have been property dealt with in the books of account of the Company
- iii) Since the company has not granted any loan, secured or unsecured to theparties covered in the register maintained u/s 189 of the Companies Act, 2013, these clause is not applicable
- iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of Sections 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of grant of loans, making investments and providing guarantees and securities.
- v) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted deposits from the public in terms of provisions of sections 73 to 76 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- vi) As per the Rule 3 (b) of the Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rule 2014, requirement of maintenance of cost records is not applicable to the Company.
- vii) (a) According to information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the books of account, and records, the Company has been generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Provident Fund, Employees State Insurance, Income-Tax, Sales tax, Service Tax, Goods and Service Tax, Duty of Customs, Duty of Excise, Value added Tax, Cess and any other statutory dues with the appropriate authorities.

(b) There were no undisputed amounts payable in respect of the above were in arrears as at March 31, 2019 for a period of more than six months from the date on when they become payable;

(c) According to the information and explanation given to us, there are no dues of income tax, sales tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax and goods and service tax outstanding on account of any dispute;

viii) According to the records of the Company examined by us and the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not borrowed any funds from banks financial institutions, debenture holders and Government. Hence, this clause is not applicable.

- ix) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us the company has neither raised money by way of public offer nor has it availed any term loan from Bank/Financial institution during the year. Hence, this clause is not applicable.
- x) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of representation of the management which we have relied upon, no fraud by the Company or on the company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the year.
- xi) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the company has paid the managerial remuneration in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Companies Act;
- xii) Since the company is not a Nidhi company, this clause is not applicable.
- xiii) According to the information and explanations given to us, all transactions with the related parties are in compliance with section 177 and 188 of Companies Act, 2013 as applicable and the details have been disclosed in the Financial Statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- (xiv) The Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year under review.
- (xv) According to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not entered into any non cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him.
- (xvi) The company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

For Pravin R. Rathi & Associates Chartered Accountants, Firm Reg. No. 131494W

Place : Nashik Date : May 11, 2019

Sd/-

Ravi K. Rathi Partner Membership No. 120776 Address: Rathi Nagar, Behind Tupasakhre Lawns, Near Mahindra Education Park, Tidke Colony, Nashik-422002

# ANNEXURE B TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT (Referred to in paragraph 2(f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the members of Ashoka Pre-Con Private Limited of even date)

# Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **Ashoka Pre-Con Private Limited** ("the Company") as of 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2019 in conjunction with our audit of the Ind AS financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

# Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the "ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

# Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by ICAI and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

# Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that :

- (1) Pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
- (2) Provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and
- (3) Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

# Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

## Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31st March, 2019, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For Pravin R. Rathi & Associates Chartered Accountants, Firm Reg. No. 131494W

Place : Nashik Date : May 11, 2019

Sd/-

Ravi K. Rathi Partner Membership No. 120776 Address: Rathi Nagar, Behind Tupasakhre Lawns, Near Mahindra Education Park, Tidke Colony, Nashik-422002

# ASHOKA PRE-CON PVT. LTD.

# CIN: U26940MH2008PTC187764

	ALANCE SHEET AS AT March 31, 2019 Particulars Note			(₹ In Lakhs As at As a		
Particulars	Note No.		AS at 31-Mar-19	AS at 31-Mar-18		
ASSETS				2		
NON-CURRENT ASSETS						
(a) Property, plant and equipment	2		277.77	292.47		
(g) Other non-current assets	3		20.72	17.52		
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS	0		298.49	309.99		
TOTAL NON-CORRENT ASSETS			230.45	509.99		
CURRENT ASSETS						
(a) Inventories	4		11.55	9.16		
(b) Financial assets						
(i) Investments	5		-	61.08		
(ii) Trade receivables	6		59.47	80.66		
(iii) Cash and cash equivalents	7		148.56	15.85		
(vi) Other financial assets	8		1.45	3.22		
(c) Other current assets	9		0.30	0.27		
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	-		221.33	170.24		
TOTAL ASSETS			519.82	480.23		
EQUITY & LIABILITIES						
EQUITY						
(a) Equity Share Capital	10		518.79	518.79		
(b) Other Equity	11		(34.06)	(70.69		
Equity Attributable to Owners			484.72	448.10		
Non Controlling Interest TOTAL EQUITY			484.72	- 448.10		
TOTAL EQUILY			404.72	440.10		
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES						
(a) Financial Liabilities						
(b) Provisions	12		0.81	0.79		
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			0.81	0.79		
(a) Financial liabilities						
(ii) Trade payables	13					
Total Outstanding dues of micro enter Total Outstanding dues of Creditors o	rprises & sm	all enterprises				
	other than mi	cro enterprises & smail	12.58	6.31		
enterprises						
(iii) Financial Guarantee liabilities	14		-	-		
(iv) Other financial liabilities	14		17.72	20.84		
(b) Other current liabilities	15		3.99	4.20		
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES			34.29	31.35		
TOTAL LIABILITIES			35.10	32.14		
			510.00	490.02		
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			519.82	480.23		
Significant Accounting Policies	1					
s per our report of even date attached			For & on behalf of the B	- oard of Directors		
or Pravin R. Rathi & Associates						
hartered Accountants						
rm Regn. No. 131494W						
Sd/-		Sd/-	Sd/-	Sd/-		
avi K. Rathi		Manoj A Kulkarni	Peeyushkumar S Jain	Ajay K Vedmutha		
artner		Company Secretary	Director	Director		
embership No. 120776		Company Secretary	Director DIN - 07588639	Director DIN - 01726879		
			DIN - 07 J00033	Diii - 01720073		
ace: Nashik				Place: Nashik		

Place: Nashik Date: May 11 ,2019 Place: Nashik Date: May 11 ,2019

#### CIN: U26940MH2008PTC187764 PROFIT AND LOSS STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED March 31, 2019 (₹ In Lakhs) Particulars Note For the year ended For the year ended No. 31-Mar-19 31-Mar-18 I INCOME **Revenue from Operations** 16 231.19 210.06 17 Other Income 5.70 5.13 **Total Income** 236.89 215.19 **II EXPENSES:** Cost of Material Consumed 18 28.12 9.03 19 27.23 **Operating Expenses** 27.34 Excise Duty on Sales 20 106.07 **Employee Benefits Expenses** 127.98 Finance Expenses 21 0.02 0.02 Depreciation and Amortisation 14.79 17.63 Other Expenses 22 21.25 18.04 **Total Expenses** 200.41 197.10 III Profit before Exceptional Items and Tax (I-II) 36.48 18.09 IV Exceptional Items (Refer note 50) -V Profit before Tax (III - IV) 36.48 18.09 VI Tax Expense: **Current Tax** Mat Credit Entitlement \_ Tax For Earlier Years Deferred Tax -VII Profit for the year (V - VI) 36.48 18.09 VIII Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) : (a) Items not to be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss Re-measurement gains/(losses)on defined benefit plans 0.15 0.10 Income tax effect on above (0.05)-0.04 (b) Items to be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss --0.07 Other Comprehensive Income 0.09 IX Total comprehensive income for the year (VII+VIII) 36.58 18.16 X Earnings per Equity Shares of Nominal Value ₹ 10 each: Basic (₹) 0.70 0.35 Diluted (₹) 0.70 0.35 Significant Accounting Policies 1 As per our report of even date attached For & on behalf of the Board of Directors For Pravin R. Rathi & Associates **Chartered Accountants** Firm Regn. No. 131494W Sd/-Sd/-Sd/-Sd/-Ravi K. Rathi Manoj A Kulkarni Peeyushkumar S Jain Ajay K Vedmutha Partner **Company Secretary** Director Director Membership No. 120776 DIN - 07588639 DIN - 01726879

Place: Nashik Date: May 11,2019 Place: Nashik Date: May 11 ,2019

## ASHOKA PRE-CON PVT LTD.

# **JSHOK**

CIN: U26940MH2008PTC187764			
CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019		(₹ In Lakhs)	
Particulars	For Year Ended 31-Mar-2019	For Year Ended 31-Mar-2018	
A CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES :			
Net Profit Before Extraordinary Items and Taxation	36.48	18.09	
Non-cash adjustment to reconcile profit before tax to net cash flows			
Depreciation & Amortisation	14.79	17.63	
Capital WIP Written Off		-	
Interest & Finance Income	-	(0.22)	
Interest, Commitment & Finance Charges	0.02	0.02	
Profit on Sale of Mutual Fund	(5.70)	(3.08)	
Other Comprehensive Income	0.15	0.10	
Loss (Profit) on sale of Assets		0.03	
Operating Profit Before Changes in Working Capital	45.74	32.58	
Adjustments for changes in Operating Assets & Liabilities:	10 70	(07.50)	
Decrease/(Increase) in Trade and other Receivables	19.73	(37.59)	
Decrease/(Increase) in Inventories	(2.39) 2.96	12.50 6.90	
Increase / (Decrease) in Trade and Operating Payables	2.90	0.90	
Cash Generated from Operations	66.04	14.39	
Income Tax Paid		-	
NET CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	66.04	14.39	
B CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES :			
Purchase of Fixed Assets	(0.09)	(0.08)	
Sale of Fixed Assets	(0.00)	6.02	
Purchase of Investments	66.77	(8.00)	
Finance Income	-	0.22	
NET CASH CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	66.69	(1.84)	
C CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Interest, commitment & Finance Charges Paid	(0.02)	(0.02)	
NET CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(0.02)	(0.02)	
Net Increase In Cash & Cash Equivalents	132.70	12.53	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year	15.85	3.32	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the year	148.56	15.85	
COMPONENTS OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
Balances with Banks			
On current accounts	145.58	3.26	
On deposit accounts	140.00	0.20	
•	0.00	-	
Cash on hand	<u> </u>	12.59 <b>15.85</b>	
Cash and cash equivalents for statement of cash flows	148.56	15.85	

Note:

1 Cash and Cash Equivalents comprises of balances with bank in current accounts, cash on hand and Bank Deposits with maturity less than 3 months.
2 The above Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the "Indirect Method" as set out in the Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS 7) on Cash Flow Statement.

As per our report of even date attached For Pravin R. Rathi & Associates Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 131494W		For & on behalf of the	Board of Directors
Sd/-	Sd/-	Sd/-	Sd/-
<b>Ravi K. Rathi</b> Partner Membership No. 120776	Manoj A Kulkarni Company Secretary	Peeyushkumar S Jain Director DIN - 07588639	Ajay K Vedmutha Director DIN - 01726879
Place: Nashik Date: May 11 ,2019			Place: Nashik Date: May 11 ,2019

## ASHOKA PRE-CON PVT LTD. CIN: U26940MH2008PTC187764

## Statement of Changes in Equity as at March 31, 2019

## A Equity Share Capital

Equity Share	As at 3	As at 31-March-19		As at 31-March-18		
	No. of Shares	Amount (₹ in Lakhs)	No. of Shares	Amount (₹ in Lakhs)		
Balance at the beginning of the year	51,87,898.00	518.79	51,87,898.00	518.79		
Issued during the period	-	-	-	-		
Reductions during the period	-	-	-	-		
Balance at the close of the period	51,87,898	518.79	51,87,898	518.79		

## B Other Equity

Particulars	Reserves & Surplus	Items of Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)	Total	
	Retained earnings	Re-measurement of net defined benefit plans	TOTAL	
Balance as at April 1, 2017	(89.01)	0.13	(88.89)	
Profit/(loss) for the year	18.09	-	18.09	
Other comprehensive income for the year		0.10	0.10	
Total comprehensive income for the year	18.09	0.10	18.19	
Balance as at March 31, 2018	(70.92)	0.23	(70.69)	
Profit/(loss) for the year after income tax	36.48	-	36.48	
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	0.15	0.15	
Total comprehensive income for the year	36.48	0.15	36.63	
Balance as at March 31, 2019	(34.44)	0.38	(34.06)	

As per our report of even date attached For Pravin R. Rathi & Associates Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 131494W

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sd/-

Sd/-

Manoj A Kulkarni Peeyushkumar S Jain Ajay K Vedmutha Company Secretary Director Director DIN - 07588639 DIN - 01726879

Place: Nashik Date: May 11 ,2019

Membership No. 120776

Ravi K. Rathi

Sd/-

Partner

Place: Nashik Date: May 11 ,2019



#### ASHOKA PRE-CON PVT. LTD. CIN: U26940MH2008PTC187764

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# Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2019. General Information :

Ashoka Pre-Con Pvt Ltd ("the Company") is a Special Purpose Entity incorporated on 24th October, 2008 under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956. Company was incorporated for manufacturing of PSC poles and RCC pipes, however till date it has not achieved its installed capacity. There is continuous decrease in the level of production. The company has diversified its business and is also engaged in providing labour services in relation to manufacture of PSC poles.

#### Note -1 - Significant Accounting Policies:

#### 1.01 Compliance with Ind AS :

The Company's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended from time to time.

These financial statements include Balance sheet, Statement of Profit and Loss, Statement of Changes in Equity and Statement of Cash flows and notes, comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information and comparative information in respect of the preceding period.

## 1.02 Basis of Accounting :

The Company maintains its accounts on accrual basis following the historical cost convention except certain financial instruments that are measured at fair values in accordance with Ind AS. (refer note 31-32)

Fair value measurements are categorized into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- ► Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that entity can access at measurement date
- Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
   Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability

#### 1.03 Presentation of financial statements :

The financial statements (except Statement of Cash-flow) are prepared and presented in the format prescribed in Division II – IND AS Schedule III ("Schedule III") to the Companies Act, 2013.

The Statement of Cash Flow has been prepared and presented as per the requirements of Ind AS 7 "Statement of Cash flows".

Amounts in the financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees in Lakh in as per the requirements of Schedule III. "Per share" data is presented in Indian Rupees upto two decimals places

#### 1.04 Current Versus Non-Current Classification :

The assets and liabilities in the balance sheet are presented based on current/non-current classification.

- An asset is current when it is:
- Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle,or
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading,or
- Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

### A liability is current when it is:

- Expected to be settled in normal operating cycle, or
- ► Held primarily for the purpose of trading, or
- ► Due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- ► There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.
- All other liabilities are treated as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities respectively.

#### 1.05 Key Estimates & Assumptions :

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires the Management to make estimates and assumptions that impact the reported amount of assets, liabilities, income, expenses and disclosure of contingent liabilities as at the date of the financial statements. The estimates and assumptions used in the accompanying financial statements are based upon management's evaluation of the relevant facts and circumstances as on the date of the financial statements. Actual results may differ from the estimates and assumptions used in preparing the accompanying financial statements. Difference between the actual and estimates are recognised in the period in which they actually materialise or are known. Any revision to accounting estimates is recognised prospectively. Management believes that the estimates used in preparation of Financial Statements are prudent and reasonable.

#### 1.06 Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE) :

PPE is recognized when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can measured reliably. All items of PPE are stated at cost net of tax/duty credits availed, if any, less accumulated depreciation and cumulative impairment. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition and installation of such assets, if any. Subsequent expenditure relating to Property, Plant and Equipment is capitalised only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance costs are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss as incurred.

Item such as spare parts and servicing equipment are recognised as PPE if they meet the definition of property, plant and equipment and are expected to be used during more than one year. All other items of spares and servicing equipments are classified as item of inventories.

Assets individually costing less than Rs 5000/- are fully depreciated in the year of acquisition.

Property, plant and equipment are eliminated from financial statements, either on disposal or when retired from active use. Losses arising in the case of the retirement of property, plant and equipment and gains or losses arising from disposal of property, plant and equipment are recognised In the statement of profit and loss In the year of occurrence.

#### 1.07 Depreciation methods, estimated useful lives and residual value :

Depreciation has been provided on the written down value method, as per the useful lives specified in schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013, or in the case of assets where the useful life was determined by technical evaluation, evaluation carried out by the management's expert, in order to reflect the actual usage of the assets. The asset's useful lives are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period. The useful lives of PPE are as under:

The asset's residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

schedule II

Useful life as per Useful life adopted

by the company

Sr.No	Category of assets	Sub-category of assets
1		PSC Mould & RCC Pipe Mould, Concreting Equipment, Boiler,

1	Plant and equipment	Concreting Equipment, Boiler,	15.00	15.00
		Crane, Gantry		
		Staff Quarters Building	60.00	60.00
2	Building	Borewell at factory Place	5.00	5.00
	_	Internal Roads	3.00	3.00
3	Factory Building		30.00	30.00
4	Computers and data processing equipment	End user devices	3.00	3.00
5	Furniture and Fixture		10.00	10.00
6	Vehicle	Motor cycles, scooter and other mopeds	10.00	10.00
7	Electrical installations		10.00	10.00

On transition to Ind AS, the company has elected to continue with the carrying value of all of its property, plant and equipment recognised as at 1" April 2015 measured as per the previous GAAP and use that carrying value as the deemed cost of the property, plant and equipment.

#### 1.08 Impairment of Non-Financial Assets

Type of Asset with Useful Life

Assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use.

## 1.09 Financial instruments :

#### Initial Recognition

Financial instruments i.e. Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments. Financial instruments are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial instruments (other than financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial instruments, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss.

#### Subsequent Measurement

#### Financial Assets

All recognised financial assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using effective interest method except for financial assets carried at fair value through Profit and Loss (FVTPL) or fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI).

#### **Financial Liabilities**

#### Classification

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by the Company are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

#### Subsequent measurement

Loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using Effective Interest Rate (EIR), except for financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. Amortisation arising on unwinding of the financial liabilities as per EIR is included as a part of Finance Costs in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Financial liabilities recognised at FVTPL, including derivatives, are subsequently measured at fair value.

Preference shares issued is considered as a compound financial liability under borrowing. Preference shares were issued at premium, part of premium received on issue of preference capital, is to be considered as other equity which is over and above the present value of the redemption amount to be paid at given discounted rate.

#### Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires.

#### Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet where there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### **Re-classification of financial instruments**

The Company determines classification of financial assets and liabilities on initial recognition. After initial recognition, no reclassification is made for financial assets which are equity instruments and financial liabilities. For financial assets which are debt instruments, a reclassification is made only if there is a change in the business model for managing those assets.

#### 1.10 Revenue recognition :

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Escalation and other claims, which are not ascertainable / acknowledged by customers, are not taken into account. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of returns and allowances, trade discounts and volume rebates.

- 1) Criteria for recognition of revenue are as under:
- Revenue is recognized in respect of domestic sales on dispatch from factory.
- ▶ Revenue from labour contract is recognised on the basis of stage of work completed.

2) Other Income represents income earned from the activities incidental to the business and is recognised when the right to receive the income is established as per the terms of the contract.

#### 1.11 Inventories :

i) Inventory of raw material is valued at cost or net realizable value whicher is less. Cost includes all taxes except, where ever tax / duty credits are availed and expenses incurred to bring inventory to their present location and condition. Cost is arrived at using FIFO basis.

ii) Finished goods are valued at cost or net realisable value, whichever is less.

iii) Work in Progress in respect of contracting activity is valued on the basis of technical estimates and percentage completion basis.

#### 1.12 Cash and cash equivalents :

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short-term deposits, as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts as they are considered an integral part of the Company's cash management.

#### 1.13 Impairment of Assets :

The Management periodically assesses, using external and internal sources, where there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. Impairment occurs where the carrying value exceeds the present value of future cash flow expected to arise from the continuing use of the asset and its eventual disposal. The impairment loss to be expensed is determined as the excess of the carrying amount over the higher of the asset's net sales price or present value as determined above. Contingencies are recorded when it is probable that a liability will be incurred and the amount can be reasonably estimated. Differences between actual results and estimates are recognized in the periods in which the results are known / materialized.

In accordance with Ind - AS 109, the company applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on the financial assets that are trade receivables.

#### 1.14 Current Investments :

As per Ind AS 109, mutual fund investments needs to be stated at fair value. The Company has designated these investments at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL). Accordingly, these investments are required to be measured at fair value. At the date of transition to Ind AS, difference between the fair value of the instruments and the carrying value under Previous GAAP has been recognised in retained earnings. Fair value changes are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31st March, 2017 & 31st March, 2018.

## 1.15 Employee benefits :

#### a) Short-term obligations

All employee benefits falling due wholly within twelve months of rendering the service are classified as short term employee benefits. These are expensed as the related service is provided. A liability is recognised for the amount expected to be paid if the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

#### b) Post-employment obligations i.e

Defined benefit plans and

Defined contribution plans.

## Defined benefit plans:

The Company's net obligation in respect of defined benefit plans is calculated by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in the current and prior periods, discounting that amount and deducting the fair value of any plan assets. The calculation of defined benefit obligations is performed annually by a qualified actuary using the projected unit credit method.

Remeasurement gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognized in the period in which they occur, directly in other comprehensive income. Remeasurements are not reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods.

#### Defined contribution plans:

The Company pays provident fund contributions to publicly administered provident funds as per local regulations. The Company has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The contributions are accounted for as defined contribution plans and the contributions are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due.

#### 1.16 Provisions & Contingencies :

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events for which it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount can be reliably estimated as at the balance sheet date. Provisions are measured based on management's estimate required to settle the obligation at the balance sheet date and are discounted using a rate that reflects the time value of money. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but will probably not, require an outflow of resources. information on contingent liabilities is disclosed in the notes to financial statements unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefit is remote.

A contingent asset is not recognised but disclosed in the financial statements where an inflow of economic benefit is probable.

As per our report of even date attached		For & on behalf of the Board of Directors			
For Pravin R. Rathi & Associates					
Chartered Accountants					
Firm Regn. No. 131494W					
Sd/-	Sd/-	Sd/-	Sd/-		
Ravi K. Rathi	Manoj A Kulkarni	Peeyushkumar S Jain	Ajay K Vedmutha		
Partner	Company Secretary	Director	Director		
Membership No. 120776		DIN - 07588639	DIN - 01726879		
Disco Naskik					

Place: Nashik Date: May 11 ,2019

# ASHOKA PRE-CON PVT. LTD. NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



			НОКЛ
Other Non Current Asset Particulars			(₹ In Lakh
		As at 31-Mar-19	As at 31-Mar-18
(A) Advances Recoverable other than in Cash: Trade Deposits			
Secured Considered Good		-	-
Unsecured, Considered Good		12.60	0.6
Unsecured, Considered Doubtful		_	-
Less: Provision		(0.21)	-
Advance Gratuity		(0.2.1)	
(B) Others :			
Duties & Taxes Recoverable		8.33	16.8
Total :::::		20.72	17.5
Inventories (as valued and certified by management)			(₹ In Lakh
Particulars		As at 31-Mar-19	As at 31-Mar-18
(A) Inventories (valued at lower of cost and net realisable v	value)		
Raw Materials		11.55	9.1
Total :::::		11.55	9.1
INVESTMENTS (CURRENT)			(₹ In Lakh
Particulars		As at 31-Mar-19	As at 31-Mar-18
Investment in Mutual Funds			
Quoted Investments - Measured at FVTPL			
3179.875. (2781.601) Axis Liquid Fund - Growth		-	61.0
Total :::::		-	61.0
Trade Receivables-Current			(₹ In Lakh
Particulars		As at 31-Mar-19	As at 31-Mar-18
Unsecured:			
Considered good - Others		2.88	4.3
Considered good - Related Party		56.59	76.3
Considered doubtful		-	-
		59.47	80.6
Due from companies under the same management / s	ubsidiaries:		
Particulars		As at 31-Mar-19	As at 31-Mar-18
Ashoka Buildcon Ltd	Listelia a Osmana and	56.56	76.3
	Holding Company		
Bedmutha Industries Ltd - Debtors	Related Party	0.03	0.8
Bedmutha Industries Ltd - Debtors Total :::::			
Total :::::		0.03	77.1
Total ::::: Cash and cash equivalents		0.03 56.59	77.1 (₹ In Lakh
Total ::::: Cash and cash equivalents		0.03	77.1
Total ::::: Cash and cash equivalents Particulars		0.03 56.59	0.8 77.1 (₹ In Lakh As at 31-Mar-18 12.5
Total ::::: Cash and cash equivalents Particulars (A) Cash & Cash Equivalents (I) Cash on hand		0.03 56.59 As at 31-Mar-19	77.1 (₹ In Lakh As at 31-Mar-18
Total ::::: Cash and cash equivalents Particulars (A) Cash & Cash Equivalents		0.03 56.59 As at 31-Mar-19 2.98	77.1 (₹ In Lakh As at 31-Mar-18 12.5
Total ::::: Cash and cash equivalents Particulars (A) Cash & Cash Equivalents (I) Cash on hand (II) Balances with Banks On Current account ***		0.03 56.59 As at 31-Mar-19	77.1 (₹ In Lakh As at 31-Mar-18 12.5 3.2
Total ::::: Cash and cash equivalents Particulars (A) Cash & Cash Equivalents (I) Cash on hand (II) Balances with Banks On Current account *** Sub Total :::::		0.03 56.59 As at 31-Mar-19 2.98 145.58	77.1 (₹ In Lakt As at 31-Mar-18 12.6 3.2 15.6
Total ::::: Cash and cash equivalents Particulars (A) Cash & Cash Equivalents (I) Cash on hand (II) Balances with Banks On Current account *** Sub Total ::::: Total :::::		0.03 56.59 As at 31-Mar-19 2.98 2.98 145.58 148.56	77.1 (₹ In Lakh As at 31-Mar-18 12.5 3.2 15.8 15.8
Total ::::: Cash and cash equivalents Particulars (A) Cash & Cash Equivalents (I) Cash on hand (II) Balances with Banks On Current account *** Sub Total ::::: Total ::::: Other Financial Asset - Current		0.03 56.59 As at 31-Mar-19 2.98 2.98 145.58 148.56	77.1 (₹ In Lakh As at 31-Mar-18 12.5 3.2 15.8 15.8
Total ::::: Cash and cash equivalents Particulars (A) Cash & Cash Equivalents (I) Cash on hand (II) Balances with Banks On Current account *** Sub Total ::::: Total ::::: Other Financial Asset - Current		0.03 56.59 As at 31-Mar-19 2.98 145.58 148.56 148.56	77.1 (₹ In Lakh As at 31-Mar-18 12.5 3.2 15.6 15.6 (₹ In Lakh
Total ::::: Cash and cash equivalents Particulars (A) Cash & Cash Equivalents (I) Cash on hand (II) Balances with Banks On Current account *** Sub Total ::::: Other Financial Asset - Current Particulars (A) Advances Recoverable in Cash or other Financial Asse	Related Party	0.03           56.59           As at 31-Mar-19           2.98           145.58           148.56           148.56           148.56           148.56           148.56	77.1 (₹ In Lakh As at 31-Mar-18 12.5 3.2 15.8 15.8 (₹ In Lakh As at 31-Mar-18
Total ::::: Cash and cash equivalents Particulars (A) Cash & Cash Equivalents (I) Cash on hand (II) Balances with Banks On Current account *** Sub Total ::::: Total ::::: Other Financial Asset - Current Particulars	Related Party	0.03 56.59 As at 31-Mar-19 2.98 145.58 148.56 148.56	77.1 (₹ In Lakh As at 31-Mar-18 12.5 3.2 15.8 15.8 (₹ In Lakh As at 31-Mar-18
Total ::::: Cash and cash equivalents Particulars (A) Cash & Cash Equivalents (I) Cash on hand (II) Balances with Banks On Current account *** Sub Total ::::: Other Financial Asset - Current Particulars (A) Advances Recoverable in Cash or other Financial Asse	Related Party	0.03           56.59           As at 31-Mar-19           2.98           145.58           148.56           148.56           148.56           148.56           148.56	77.1 (₹ In Lakh As at 31-Mar-18 12.5 3.2 15.8 (₹ In Lakh As at 31-Mar-18 3.2
Total ::::: Cash and cash equivalents Particulars (A) Cash & Cash Equivalents (I) Cash on hand (II) Balances with Banks On Current account *** Sub Total ::::: Total ::::: Other Financial Asset - Current Particulars (A) Advances Recoverable in Cash or other Financial Asset Unsecured, Considered Good Total :::::	Related Party	0.03 56.59 As at 31-Mar-19 2.98 145.58 148.56 148.56 148.56 148.56 148.56	77.1 (₹ In Lakh As at 31-Mar-18 12.5 3.2 15.8 15.8 (₹ In Lakh As at 31-Mar-18 3.2 3.2 3.2
Total ::::: Cash and cash equivalents Particulars (A) Cash & Cash Equivalents (I) Cash on hand (II) Balances with Banks On Current account *** Sub Total ::::: Total ::::: Other Financial Asset - Current Particulars (A) Advances Recoverable in Cash or other Financial Asset Unsecured, Considered Good Total :::::	Related Party	As at 31-Mar-19 2.98 453 455 455 455 455 455 455 455 455 455	77.1 (₹ In Lakh As at 31-Mar-18 12.5 3.2 15.8 15.8 (₹ In Lakh As at 31-Mar-18 3.2 3.2 (₹ In Lakh
Total ::::: Cash and cash equivalents Particulars (A) Cash & Cash Equivalents (I) Cash on hand (II) Balances with Banks On Current account *** Sub Total ::::: Total ::::: Other Financial Asset - Current Particulars (A) Advances Recoverable in Cash or other Financial Asset Unsecured, Considered Good Total ::::: Other Current Asset Particulars	Related Party	0.03 56.59 As at 31-Mar-19 2.98 145.58 148.56 148.56 148.56 148.56 148.56	77.1 (₹ In Lakh As at 31-Mar-18 12.5 3.2 15.8 15.8 (₹ In Lakh As at 31-Mar-18 3.2 3.2 3.2
Total ::::: Cash and cash equivalents Particulars (A) Cash & Cash Equivalents (I) Cash on hand (I) Balances with Banks On Current account *** Sub Total ::::: Other Financial Asset - Current Particulars (A) Advances Recoverable in Cash or other Financial Asset Unsecured, Considered Good Total ::::: Other Current Asset	Related Party	As at 31-Mar-19 2.98 453 455 455 455 455 455 455 455 455 455	77.1 (₹ In Lakh As at 31-Mar-18 12.5 3.2 15.8 15.8 (₹ In Lakh 3.2 3.2 (₹ In Lakh

## ASHOKA PRE-CON PVT. LTD. NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



## 10 Equity Share Capital

## (I) Authorised Capital:

		As at 3	1-Mar-19	As at 31	-Mar-18
Class of Shares	Par Value (₹)	No. of Shares	Amount (₹ In Lakhs)	No of Shares	Amount (₹ In Lakhs)
Equity Shares	10	55,00,000.00	550.00	55,00,000	550.00
Total :::::			550.00		550.00

## (II) Issued, Subscribed and Paid-up Capital (Fully Paid-up):

		As at 3	I-Mar-19	As at 31-Mar-18	
Class of Shares	Par Value (₹)	No. of Shares	Amount (₹ In Lakhs)	No. of Shares	Amount (₹ In Lakhs)
Equity Shares	10.00	51,87,898.00	518.79	51,87,898	518.79
Total :::::			518.79		518.79

## (III) Terms/rights attached to equity shares:

The Company has only one class of share capital, i.e., equity shares having face value of ₹ 10 per share. Each holder of equity share is entitled to one vote per share.

## (IV) Reconciliation of Number of Shares Outstanding:

Class of Shares	As at 31-Mar-19	As at 31-Mar-18
	Equity Shares	Equity Shares
Outstanding as at beginning of the period	51,87,898	51,87,898
Addition during the period		-
Shares Split Impact		
Bonus Issue		
Matured during the period		
Outstanding as at end of the period	51,87,898	51,87,898

## (V) Details of shares in the Company held by each shareholder holding more than 5% shares:

Class of Shares	As at 31-Mar-19		As at 31	-Mar-18
	Equity Shares	%	Equity Shares	%
Ashoka Buildcon Ltd.	26,45,828	51%	26,45,828	51%
Bedmutha Industries Ltd.	25,42,070	49%	25,42,070	49%
	-	-	-	-

## 11 Other Equity

Other Equity		(₹ In Lakhs
Particulars	As at 31-Mar-19	As at 31-Mar-18
Security Premium Reserve		
Balance as per Last balance Sheet	253.08	253.08
Addition During the Year	-	-
Deduction During the year	-	-
As at end of year	253.08	253.08
Surplus / Retained Earnings		
Balance as per Last balance Sheet	(324.00)	(342.09)
Addition During the Year	36.48	18.09
Deduction During the year	-	-
Amount available for appropriations	(287.52)	(324.00)
As at end of year	(287.52)	(324.00
Other Compressive Income		
Balance as per Last balance Sheet	0.23	0.13
Actuarial Gain/ (Loss) on defined benefit plan	0.15	0.10
Deduction During the year		
As at end of year	0.38	0.23
Gross Total ::::	(34.06)	(70.69

#### 12 Provisions - Non Current

Provisions - Non Current		(₹ In Lakhs)
Particulars	As at 31-Mar-19	As at 31-Mar-18
Provision for Employee's Benefits:		
Provision for Gratuity	0.64	0.57
Provision for Salary	0.17	0.22
Total ::::	0.81	0.79

## 13 Trade Payables - Current

3 Trade Payables - Current		(₹ In Lakhs)
Particulars	As at 31-Mar-19	As at 31-Mar-18
(A) Trade Payables:		
Micro, Small & Medium Enterprises	-	-
Others	12.58	6.31
Total ::::	12.58	6.31

## 14 Other Financial liabilities - Current

Particulars	As at 31-Mar-19	As at 31-Mar-18
Others :		
Due to Employees	0.93	0.94
Unpaid Expenses	16.78	19.90
Total ::::	17.72	20.84

5 Other current liabilities		(₹ In Lakhs)
Particulars	As at 31-Mar-19	As at 31-Mar-18
Advance from Customers	0.06	-
Duties & Taxes	0.99	3.00
Other Payables	2.94	1.20
Total ::::	3.99	4.20

## (₹ In Lakhs)

## ASHOKA PRE-CON PVT. LTD. NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



Revenue From Operations		(₹ In Lakhs
Particulars	For the Year ended 31-Mar-19	For the Year ended 31-Mar-18
(A) Sales:		
Ready Mix Concrete	-	-
Sale of Pipes	20.25	46.89
Revenue From Labour Services	210.95	163.17
Total :::::	231.19	210.0

Particulars	For the Year ended 31-Mar-19	For the Year ender 31-Mar-18
(A) Interest Income on financials assets carried at Cost/Amortised Cost:		
Interest on Bank Deposits		
Interest on Others	-	0.2
(B) Other Non Operating Income:		
Profit on sale of Investments	5.70	3.0
Miscellaneous Income	0.01	0.0
Sale of Scrap Material	-	1.8
Total :::::	5.70	5.

## 18 Cost Of Materials Consumed

F		For the Year ended	For the Year ended
Particulars		31-Mar-19	31-Mar-18
A) Construction Material			
Consumption of Construction Materials		11.41	15.62
Changes in Inventories of Stock in Trade		(2.39)	12.50
		9.03	28.12
Changes in Inventories of Land/Property		9.03	28.12

## 19 Operating Expenses

Operating Expenses		(₹ In Lakhs)
Particulars	For the Year ended 31-Mar-19	For the Year ended 31-Mar-18
Transport and Material Handling Charges	1.40	3.75
Repair to Machineries	1.79	8.93
Equipment / Machinery Hire Charges	-	0.02
Oil, Lubricant & Fuel	8.90	6.54
Stores & Consumables	10.30	2.81
Power & Water Charges	1.40	1.66
Security / Service Charges	3.56	3.53
Total :::::	27.34	27.23

## 20 Employee Benefits Expenses

Particulars	For the Year ended 31-Mar-19	For the Year ended 31-Mar-18
Salaries, Wages and Allowances	125.51	103.66
Contribution to Provident and Other Funds	1.17	0.97
Staff Welfare Expenses	1.30	1.44
Total :::::	127.98	106.07

## 21 Finance Expenses

-	0.00
0.02	0.02
0.02	0.02

Depreciation And Amortisation				
Particulars	For the Year ended 31-Mar-19	For the Year ended 31-Mar-18		
Depreciation on tangible fixed assets	14.79	17.63		
Amortisation on intangible fixed assets	-	-		
Total :::::	14.79	17.63		

## 22 Other Expenses

		(( = aiaio)
Particulars	For the Year ended 31-Mar-19	For the Year ended 31-Mar-18
Rent Rates & Taxes	3.10	1.80
Insurance	1.07	0.92
Printing and Stationery	0.03	0.08
Travelling & Conveyance	1.25	1.11
Communication	0.19	0.21
Vehicle Running Charges	5.30	3.40
Legal & Professional Fees	7.62	7.37
Auditor's Remuneration	0.50	0.50
Loss on Sale of Assets	-	0.03
Miscellaneous Expenses	2.19	2.61
Total :::::	21.25	18.04

# (₹ In Lakhs)

# (₹ In Lakhs)

(₹ In Lakhs)

## NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



Note: 2									(₹ In Lakh
		Gros	ss Block		Accumulated depreciation and impairment			Carrying Amount	
Particulars	Balance as at April 1, 2018	Additions	Disposals / Adjustments	Balance as at March 31, 2019	Balance as at April 1, 2018	Deductions/ Adjustments	Depreciation expense	Balance as at March 31, 2019	Balance as at March 31, 2019
Property plant and equipment									
Leasehold Land	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Freehold Land	173.47	-	-	173.47	-	-		-	173.47
Building	14.39		-	14.39	2.04	-	0.61	2.65	11.74
Factory Building	81.91	-	-	81.91	21.48	-	5.72	27.20	54.72
Data processing equipment's	0.24	-	-	0.24	0.19	-	0.00	0.19	0.05
Office equipment's	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Furniture and fixtures	0.23	-	-	0.23	0.14	-	0.02	0.16	0.07
Plant & Equipment	90.44	-	-	90.44	44.44	-	8.40	52.84	37.60
Toll Audit System		-		-	-	-	-	-	-
Vehicles	0.08	-	-	0.08	0.05	-	0.01	0.06	0.02
Electric Installations	0.10	0.09	-	0.19	0.06	-	0.03	0.09	0.10
General Laboratory Equipments	-	-	-	-	-			-	-
Subtotal	360.86	0.09	-	360.95	68.39	-	14.79	83.18	277.77
Capital work-in-progress	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	360.86	0.09	-	360.95	68.39	-	14.79	83.18	277.77

## NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



Note: 2

	Gross Block			Accumulated depreciation and impairment				Carrying Amount	
Particulars	Balance as at April 1, 2017	Additions	Disposals / Adjustments	Balance as at March 31, 2018	Balance as at April 1, 2017	Deductions/ Adjustments	Depreciation expense	Balance as at March 31, 2018	Balance as at March 31, 2018
Property plant and equipment									
Leasehold Land	-	-			-	-	-	-	-
Freehold Land	173.47	-		173.47	-	-		-	173.47
Building	14.39			14.39	1.41	-	0.63	2.04	12.35
Factory Building	81.91	-	-	81.91	15.16	-	6.32	21.48	60.44
Data processing equipment's	0.24	-		0.24	0.19	-	0.00	0.19	0.05
Office equipment's	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Furniture and fixtures	0.23	-	-	0.23	0.11	-	0.03	0.14	0.10
Plant & Equipment	96.41	0.08	(6.05)	90.44	33.83	-	10.62	44.44	46.00
Toll audit System	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-
Vehicles	0.08	-	-	0.08	0.04	-	0.01	0.05	0.03
Electric Installations	0.10	-	-	0.10	0.04	-	0.01	0.06	0.04
General Laboratory Equipment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Subtotal	366.83	0.08	(6.05)	360.86	50.76	-	17.63	68.39	292.47
Oneitel work in an and			(0.05)						
Capital work-in-progress	6.95	-	(6.95)	-	-	-		-	
Total	373.77	0.08	(13.00)	360.86	50.76	-	17.63	68.39	292.47

#### Ashoka Pre-Con Pvt Ltd

#### Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2019

#### Additional Statement Of Notes:

## Note 23 : As required by Ind AS 19 'Employee Benefits' the disclosures are as under:

#### (a) Defined contribution plan

The following amount recognized as an expense in Statement of profit and loss on account of provident fund and other funds. There are no other obligations other than the contribution payable to the respective authorities.

		(₹ In Lakhs)
Particulars	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
Provident Fund Scheme	1.01	0.39
Employees State Insurance		

Retirement benefit in the form of provident fund is a defined contribution scheme. The contributions to the provident fund are charged to the statement of profit and loss for the year when the contributions are due. The company has no obligation, other than the contribution payable to the provident fund.

## (b) Defined benefit plan

Net accete/(liability) is bifurcated as follows :

## (i) Gratuity

The company operates one defined plan of gratuity for its employees. Under the gratuity plan, every employee who has completed atleast five years of service gets a gratuity on departure @ 15 days of last drawn salary for each completed year of service.

The following tables summaries the components of net benefit expense recognised in the Statement of profit and loss and the funded status and amounts recognised in the balance sheet for the gratuity plan:

		(₹ In Lakhs
- · · · · ·	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
Statement of profit and loss		
Net employee benefit expense recognised in the employee cost		
Current service cost	0.08	0.0
Past service cost	-	-
nterest cost on defined benefit obligation	-	-
nterest Income on plan assets	0.04	0.0
Components of Defined benefits cost recognised in profit & loss	0.12	0.1
Remeasurment - due to demographic assumptions	-	-
Remeasurment - due to financials assumptions		-
Remeasurment for the year - obligation (Gain) / Loss	(0.05)	(0.0
Return on plan assets excluding interest income	-	`-
Components of Defined benefits cost recognised in Other Comprehensive Income	(0.05)	(0.0
Total Defined Benefits Cost recognised in P&L and OCI	0.07	0.0
Amounts recognised in the Balance Sheet		
Defined benefit obligation	(0.64)	(0.5
Fair value of plan assets	(0.04)	(0.3
Funded Status	(0.64)	(0.5
	(0.04)	(0.5
Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation are as follows:		
Dening defined benefit obligation	0.57	0.5
Current service cost	0.08	0.0
Past service cost	0.00	0.0
nterest cost	0.04	0.0
Actuarial losses/(gain) on obligation	(0.05)	(0.0
Benefits paid	(0.00)	- (0.0
Closing defined benefit obligation	0.64	0.5
Changes in the fair value of the plan assets are as follows:		
Dening fair value of plan assets	-	-
nterest Income	-	-
Remeasurment gain/(loss):	-	-
Contrubution from employer	-	-
	-	-
		-
Return on plan assets excluding interest income Benefits paid	-	

Net assets/(nability) is bila cated as follows .		
Current	-	-
Non-current	0.64	0.57
Net liability	0.64	0.57
Add:		
Provision made over and above actuarial valuation (considered current liability)	-	-
Net total liability	0.64	0.57

The principal assumptions used in determining gratuity benefit obligation for the company's plans are shown below:

Particulars	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
Discount rate	7.80%	7.80%
Mortality rate	Indian assured lives	Indian assured lives
	mortality (2006 -08)	mortality (2006 -08)
	ultimate	ultimate
Salary escalation rate (p.a.)	7%	7%
Disability Rate (as % of above mortality rate)	5%	5%
Withdrawal Rate	1%	1%
Normal Retirement Age	58 Years	58 Years
Average Future Service	14.94	15.73

The sensitivity analysis below have been determine based on reasonably possible change of the respective assumptions occurring at the

Particulars	March 31, 2019 March 3			n 31, 2018	
	Increase	Decrease	Increase	Decrease	
Salary escalation (100 basis point movement)	0.74	0.56	0.66	0.49	
Discount rate (100 basis point movement)	0.56	0.75	0.49	0.67	
Attrition rate (100 basis point movement)	0.65	0.63	0.57	0.56	

The estimates of future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuation, is based on inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors, such as supply and demand in the employment market.

The overall expected rate of return on assets is determined based on the market prices prevailing on that date, applicable to the period over which the obligation is to be settled. There has been significant change in expected rate of return on assets due to change in the market

#### (ii) Leave encashment

The company operates benefit plan of Leave enchashment for its employees. Under the plan, every employee who will retire/resign will gets a encashment of their accumpulated leave as per the Company Policy. The scheme is un-funded.

The following tables summaries the components of net benefit expense recognised in the Statement of profit and loss and the funded status and amounts recognised in the balance sheet for the gratuity plan:

		(₹ In Lakhs)
Chakamant of world and loss	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
Statement of profit and loss Net employee benefit expense recognised in the employee cost		
Current service cost	0.03	0.03
Past service cost	-	0.03
Interest cost on defined benefit obligation	0.02	0.02
Interest Income on plan assets	-	-
Components of Defined benefits cost recognised in profit & loss	0.05	0.05
Remeasurment - due to demographic assumptions	-	-
Remeasurment - due to financials assumptions	-	-
Remeasurment for the year - obligation (Gain) / Loss	(0.10)	(0.06)
Return on plan assets excluding interest income	-	0.01
Components of Defined benefits cost recognised in Other Comprehensive Income	(0.10)	(0.05)
Total Defined Benefits Cost recognised in P&L and OCI	(0.05)	(0.00)
Amounts recognised in the Balance Sheet Defined benefit obligation	(0.17)	(0.22)
Fair value of plan assets	-	-
Funded Status	(0.17)	(0.22)
Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation are as follows:		
Opening defined benefit obligation	0.22	0.22
Current service cost	0.03	0.03
Past service cost Interest cost	0.02	0.02
Remeasurements	(0.10)	(0.02
Benefits paid	-	(0:00)
Closing defined benefit obligation	0.17	0.22
Changes in the fair value of the plan assets are as follows:		
Opening fair value of plan assets	-	-
nterest Income	-	-
Employer Direct Benefit Payments	-	-
Contrubution from employer	-	-
Return on plan assets excluding interest income	-	-
Benefits paid		-
Closing defined benefit obligation		-
Net assets/(liability) is bifurcated as follows :		
Current	-	-
Non-current	0.17	0.22
Net liability	0.17	0.22
Add: Provision made over and above actuarial valuation (considered current liability)	-	-
Net total liability	0.17	0.22

The principal assumptions used in determining gratuity benefit obligation for the company's plans are shown below:

Particulars	Ma	arch 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
Discount rate		7.80%	7.70%
Mortality rate	India	an assured lives	Indian assured lives
	mor	tality (2006 -08)	mortality (2006 -08)
		ultimate	ultimate
Salary escalation rate (p.a.)		7%	7%
Disability Rate (as % of above mortality rate)		5%	5%
Withdrawal Rate		1%	1%
Normal Retirement Age		58 Years	58 Years
Average Future Service		14.94	15.73

The sensitivity analysis below have been determine based on reasonably possible change of the respective assumptions occurring at the

Particulars	March 31, 2019 March 31, 20		81, 2018	
	Increase	Decrease	Increase	Decrease
Salary escalation (100 basis point movement)	0.20	0.14	0.26	0.19
Discount rate (100 basis point movement)	0.14	0.20	0.26	0.19
Attrition rate (100 basis point movement)	NA	NA	NA	NA

The estimates of future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuation, is based on inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors, such as supply and demand in the employment market.

The overall expected rate of return on assets is determined based on the market prices prevailing on that date, applicable to the period over which the obligation is to be settled. There has been significant change in expected rate of return on assets due to change in the market scenario.

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2019.



#### Additional Statement Of Notes:

## 24 Note 24 : Earnings Per Share :

Basic earnings per equity share is computed by dividing the net profit attributable to the equity holders of the company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per equity share Is computed by dividing the net profit attributable to the equity holders of the company by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per equity share and also the weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued upon conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares. The dilutive potential equity shares are adjusted for the proceeds receivable had the equity shares been actually issued at fair value. Dilutive potential equity shares are determined independently for each period presented.'

		( ₹ in Lakhs)
Particulars	Year ended 31-Mar-2019	Year ended 31-Mar-2018
Profit/ (Loss) attributable to Equity Shareholders	36.58	18.16
No of Weighted Average Equity Shares outstanding during the Year (Basic)	51,87,898.00	51,87,898.00
No of Weighted Average Equity Shares outstanding during the Year (Diluted)	51,87,898.00	51,87,898.00
Nominal Value of Equity Shares (in ₹)	10.00	10.00
Basic Earnings per Share (in ₹ )	0.71	0.35
Diluted Earnings per Share (in ₹ )	0.71	0.35

## 25 Note 25 : Remuneration to Auditors (Including service tax) :

······································		(₹in Lakhs)
Particulars	Year ended 31-Mar-2019	Year ended 31-Mar-2018
Audit fees	0.50	0.50
Other Services	-	-
Total :-	0.50	0.50

## 26 Note 26 : Components of Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)

The disaggregation of changes to OCI by each type of reserve in equity is shown below:

		( <b>₹</b> in Lakhs)
During the year ended	Year ended 31-Mar-2019	Year ended 31-Mar-2018
Re-measurement gains (losses) on defined benefit plans	0.15	0.10
	0.15	0.10

## 27 Note 27 : Contingent Liabilities and commitments :

		( 🕇 in Lakhs)
Particulars	Year ended 31-Mar-2019	Year ended 31-Mar-2018
Liabilities classified and considered contingent due to contested claims and legal disputes		
Municipal Tax raised by Sinnar Municipal Corporation	92.88	86.65
	92.88	86.65

Contingent liability on account of uncertainty related to the outcome of the out of Court settlement by the Company against the levy of Municipal Tax by Sinnar Municipal Corporation is not provided.

## 28 Note 28 : Segment information as required by Ind AS 108 are given below :

The Company is engaged in one business activity of manufacturing of PSC Pole & RCC Pipes, thus there are no separate reportable operating segments in accordance with Ind AS 108.

### 29 Note 29 : Capital management :

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital, share premium and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders of the Company. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maximise the shareholder value.

The Company manages its capital so as to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern and to optimise returns to shareholders. The capital structure of the Company is based on management'sjudgement of its strategic and day-to-day needs with a focus on total equity so as to maintain investor, creditors and market confidence.

The Company monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total Capital plus Net debt is calculated as borrowing less cash and cash equivalent and other bank balances and mutual funds investments.

		(₹in Lakhs)
Particulars	As At 31-Mar-2019	As At 31-Mar-2018
Borrowings	-	-
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	148.56	15.85
Net debt (A)	(148.56)	(15.85)
Equity	484.72	448.10
Capital and Net debt (B)	336.17	432.25
Gearing ratio (%) (A/B)	(44.19%)	(3.67%)

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the year ended March 31, 2019.

## 30 Note 30 : Significant accounting judgement, estimates and assumptions :

The preparation of the Company's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenue, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future years.

#### Estimates and assumptions

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the year in which the estimates are revised and future periods are affected.

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year is in respect of useful lives of property, plant and equipment, useful life of intangible assets, valuation of deferred tax assets, provisions and contingent liabilities. The Company based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control of the Company. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

#### ASHOKA PRE-CON PVT LTD.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2019.

## Additional Statement Of Notes:

Note 31 : Financial Instrument - fair values and risk management

Fair value measurement	s
------------------------	---

	March	31, 2019	March 3	31, 2018
Financial Instruments by category	FVTPL	Amortised Cost	FVTPL	Amortised Cost
Financial Assets				
Investments in Mutual Funds	-	-	61.08	-
Trade Receivables	-	59.47	-	80.66
Cash and cash equivalents	-	148.56	-	15.85
Total Financial Assets	•	208.03	61.08	96.51
Financial Liabilities				
Trade payables	-	12.58	-	6.31
Other financial liabilities	-	17.72	-	20.84
Total Financial Liabilities	-	30.30	-	27.15

#### Fair Value Hierarchy

		March 31, 2019				
Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value	Quoted prices in active markets (Level 1)	Significant observable inputs (Level 2)	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)	Quoted prices in active markets (Level 1)	Significant observable inputs (Level 2)	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)
Financial assets						
Investments in Mutual Funds	-		-	61.08	-	-
Trade Receivables	-	-	59.47	-	-	80.66
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	148.56	-	-	15.85
Total Financial Assets	-	•	208.03	61.08	-	96.51
Financial Liabilities						
Trade payables	-	-	12.58	-	-	6.31
Other financial liabilities			17.72			20.84
Total Financial Liabilities	-		30.30	-	-	27.15

Level 1 - The hierarchy In level 1 Includes financial Instruments measured using quoted prices. This Includes mutual funds that have quoted price. The mutual funds are valued using the closing NAV declaired by fund houses.

Level 2 - The fair value of financial Instruments that are not traded In an active market (like Investment in Preference Shares) Is determined using valuation techniques which maximise the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity-specific estimates. If all significant Inputs required to fair value as Instrument are observable, the Instrument is included in level 2.

Level 3 - If one or more of the significant Inputs Is not based on observable market data, the Instrument Is Included In level 3. This is the case for unlisted equity securities, etc. included in level 3.

There are no transfers between levels 1, 2 and 3 during the year.

## Financial risk management

#### Commodity Price Risk

The Company is affected by the price volatility of certain commodities such as Cement, P C Wire, Crushed Stone, etc. The risk of price fluctuations in commodities is mitigated.

Commodity	For the year 2018-19	For the year 2017-18		
Crushed Stone	3.64	2.87		
Cement	2.79	4.77		
P C Wire	3.28	7.12		
G I Wire	0.73	0.85		
M S Wire	0.98			
Total	11 41	15.60		

The sensitivity analysis below have been determine based on reasonably possible changes in price of the respective commodity occuring at the end of reporting period, while holding all other assumption constant.

. . . . .

March 31, 2018		
ease	Decrease	
0.09	(0.09)	
0.14	(0.14)	
0.21	(0.21)	
0.03	(0.03)	
-	-	
0.47	(0.47)	
-		

Particulars	Price Variation	March	31, 2019	March 31	, 2018
Fatticulars	Frice variation	Increase	Decrease	Increase	Decrease
Crushed Stone	5%	0.18	(0.18)	0.14	(0.14)
Cement	5%	0.14	(0.14)	0.24	(0.24)
Equity	5%	0.16	(0.16)	0.36	(0.36)
G I Wire	5%	0.04	(0.04)	0.04	(0.04)
M S Wire	5%	0.05	(0.05)	-	-
Total		0.57	(0.57)	0.78	(0.78)

#### Note 32 : Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Company's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities.

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework.

In performing its operating, investing and financing activities, the Company is exposed to the Credit risk and Liquidity risk.

Risk	Exposure arising from	Measurement	Management
Credit risk Cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables,		Aging analysis	Diversification of trade receivable
	financial assets measured at amortised cost.		
Liquidity risk	Trade Payables & Other Liabilities	Rolling cash flow forecasts	Availability of committed credit

Carrying amount of Financial Assets and		
		( ₹ in Lakhs)
Financial assets	March 31, 2019	April 01, 2018
Investment in MF	-	61.08
Loans		
Trade receivable	59.47	80.66
Cash and cash equivalents	148.56	15.85
Total financial assets carried at amortised cost	208.03	157.59
Financial liabilities		
Borrowings		
Trade payables	12.58	6.31
Other financial liabilities	17.72	20.84
Others		
Total financial liabilities carried at amortised cost	30.30	27.15

The sensitivity analyses in the following sections relate to the position as at March 31, 2019, March 31, 2018

The sensitivity analyses have been prepared on the basis that the amount of net debt, the ratio of fixed to floating interest rates of the debt and derivatives and the proportion of financial instruments in foreign currencies are all constant and in place at March 31, 2019.

#### The following assumptions have been made in calculating the sensitivity analyses:

The sensitivity of the relevant profit or loss item is the effect of the assumed changes in respective market risks. This is based on the financial assets and financial liabilities held at March 31, 2019, March 31, 2018.

The company is engaged in the business of manufacturing of PSC poles and RCC pipes. The company caters to Indian market only. Payments are typically not secured by any form of credit support such as letters of credit, performance guarantees or escrow arrangements. Credit risk is the risk that counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument, leading to a financial loss. The Company is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities and from its financing activities, including deposits with banks and other financial instruments.

Financial assets that are potentially subject to concentrations of credit risk and failures by counter-parties to discharge their obligations in full or in a timely manner consist principally of cash, cash equivalents and trade and other receivables. Credit risk on cash balances with Bank are limited because the counterparties are entities with acceptable credit ratings. The exposure to credit risk for credit risk of cash of company and other related party.

Ageing analysis of the age of trade receivable amounts that are past due as at the end of reporting year but not impaired: ( **₹** in Lakhs)

	March 31, 2019	April 01, 2018
Less than 90 days	56.72	2 26.69
Over 90 days	2.75	5 53.97
Total	59.47	80.66

The liquidity risk is managed on the basis of expected maturity dates of the financial liabilities.

The average credit period taken to settle trade payables is about 30 to 90 days. The other payables are with short-term durations. The carrying amounts are assumed to be a reasonable approximation of fair value.

#### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company may not be able to meet its present and future cash and collateral obligations without incurring unacceptable losses. The Company's objective is to, at all times maintain optimum levels of liquidity to meet its cash and collateral requirements. The Company closely monitors its liquidity position and deploys a robust cash management system.

The Company's maximum exposure relating to financial liability and financial instruments is noted in note 33 and the liquidity table below:

	Less than 1 year	1 to 5 years	>5 years	Total
	INR Lakh	INR Lakh	INR Lakh	INR Lakh
As at March 31, 2019				
Borrowings	-			-
Trade payables	12.58			12.58
Others	9.74	7.98		17.72
	22.31	7.98		30.30
As at March 31, 2018				
Borrowings	-			-
Trade payables	6.04	0.26		6.31
Others	13.24	7.60		20.84
	19.28	7.86	-	27.15

At present, the Company does expects to repay all liabilities at their contractual maturity. In order to meet such cash commitments, the operating activity is expected to generate sufficient cash inflows.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2019.

Additional Statement Of Notes:

#### 33 Note 33 : Related party disclosure as required by Ind AS 24 are given below :

1. Name of the Related Parties and Description of Relationship:

Holding Company :       Ashoka Buildcon Ltd         Other Company       Bedmutha Industries Ltd.         Fellow Subsidiaries :       Ashoka Concessions Ltd.         Fellow Subsidiaries :       Ashoka Belgaum Dharwad Tollway Ltd.         Fellow Subsidiaries :       Ashoka Sambalpur Baragarh Tollway Ltd.         Fellow Subsidiaries :       Ashoka Dhankuni Kharagpur Tollway Ltd.         Fellow Subsidiaries :       Ashoka Highways (Durg) Ltd.         Fellow Subsidiaries :       Ashoka Kharar Ludhiana Road Ltd.         Fellow Subsidiaries :       Ashoka Kharar Ludhiana Road Ltd.         Fellow Subsidiaries :       Ashoka Ranatsalam Anandapuram Road Ltd.
Fellow Subsidiaries :       Ashoka Concessions Ltd.         Fellow Subsidiaries :       Ashoka Sambalpur Baragarh Tollway Ltd.         Fellow Subsidiaries :       Ashoka Sambalpur Baragarh Tollway Ltd.         Fellow Subsidiaries :       Ashoka Sambalpur Baragarh Tollway Ltd.         Fellow Subsidiaries :       Ashoka Maragur Tollway Ltd.         Fellow Subsidiaries :       Ashoka Highways (Durg) Ltd.         Fellow Subsidiaries :       Ashoka Highways (Bhandara) Ltd.         Fellow Subsidiaries :       Ashoka Kharar Ludhiana Road Ltd.         Fellow Subsidiaries :       Ashoka Ranatsalam Anandapuram Road Ltd.
Fellow Subsidiaries :       Ashoka Belgaum Dharwad Tollway Ltd.         Fellow Subsidiaries :       Ashoka Sambalpur Baragarh Tollway Ltd.         Fellow Subsidiaries :       Ashoka Dhankuni Kharagpur Tollway Ltd         Fellow Subsidiaries :       Ashoka Dhankuni Kharagpur Tollway Ltd         Fellow Subsidiaries :       Ashoka Highways (Durg) Ltd.         Fellow Subsidiaries :       Ashoka Highways (Bhandara) Ltd.         Fellow Subsidiaries :       Ashoka Kharar Ludhiana Road Ltd.         Fellow Subsidiaries :       Ashoka Ranatsalam Anandapuram Road Ltd.
Fellow Subsidiaries :       Ashoka Sambalpur Baragarh Tollway Ltd.         Fellow Subsidiaries :       Ashoka Dhankuni Kharagpur Tollway Ltd         Fellow Subsidiaries :       Ashoka Highways (Durg) Ltd.         Fellow Subsidiaries :       Ashoka Highways (Bhandara) Ltd.         Fellow Subsidiaries :       Ashoka Kharar Ludhiana Road Ltd.         Fellow Subsidiaries :       Ashoka Ranatsalam Anandapuram Road Ltd.
Fellow Subsidiaries :       Ashoka Dhankuni Kharagpur Tollway Ltd         Fellow Subsidiaries :       Ashoka Highways (Durg) Ltd.         Fellow Subsidiaries :       Ashoka Highways (Bhandara) Ltd.         Fellow Subsidiaries :       Ashoka Kharar Ludhiana Road Ltd.         Fellow Subsidiaries :       Ashoka Kharar Ludhiana Road Ltd.         Fellow Subsidiaries :       Ashoka Ranatsalam Anandapuram Road Ltd.
Fellow Subsidiaries :       Ashoka Highways (Durg) Ltd.         Fellow Subsidiaries :       Ashoka Highways (Bhandara) Ltd.         Fellow Subsidiaries :       Ashoka Kharar Ludhiana Road Ltd.         Fellow Subsidiaries :       Ashoka Ranatsalam Anandapuram Road Ltd.
Fellow Subsidiaries :       Ashoka Highways (Bhandara) Ltd.         Fellow Subsidiaries :       Ashoka Kharar Ludhiana Road Ltd.         Fellow Subsidiaries :       Ashoka Ranatsalam Anandapuram Road Ltd.
Fellow Subsidiaries :       Ashoka Kharar Ludhiana Road Ltd.         Fellow Subsidiaries :       Ashoka Ranatsalam Anandapuram Road Ltd.
Fellow Subsidiaries : Ashoka Ranatsalam Anandapuram Road Ltd.
Fellow Subsidiaries : Jaora - Nayagaon Toll Road Company Pvt.Ltd.
Fellow Subsidiaries : Ashoka Infraways Ltd.
Fellow Subsidiaries : Ashoka Infrastructure Ltd.
Fellow Subsidiaries : Ashoka DSC Katni By Pass Ltd.
Fellow Subsidiaries : Viva Infrastructure Ltd.
Fellow Subsidiaries : Blue Feather Infotech Pvt Ltd.
Fellow Subsidiaries : Ashoka Technologies Pvt. Ltd.
Fellow Subsidiaries : Ashoka GVR Mudhol Nipani Roads Ltd
Fellow Subsidiaries : Ashoka Hungund Talikot Road Limited
Fellow Subsidiaries : Ashoka Bagewadi Saundatti Road Ltd.
Fellow Subsidiaries : Unison Enviro Pvt Ltd.
Fellow Subsidiaries : Ashoka Cuttak Angul Tollway Ltd.
Fellow Subsidiaries : Ashoka Highway Research Co. Pvt Ltd
Fellow Subsidiaries : Ratnagiri Natural Gas Pvt.Ltd.
Fellow Subsidiaries : Ashoka Path Nirman Nasik Pvt Ltd
Fellow Subsidiaries : Ashoka Aerospace Pvt.Ltd.
Fellow Subsidiaries : Tech Breater Pvt.Ltd.
Fellow Subsidiaries : Endurance Developers Road Pvt.Ltd.
Fellow Subsidiaries : Ashoks Khairatunda Barwa Adda Road Limited
Fellow Subsidiaries : Ashoka Mallasandra Karadi Road Pvt. Ltd.
Fellow Subsidiaries : Ashoka Karadi Banwara Road Pvt.Ltd.
Fellow Subsidiaries : Ashoka Belgaum Khanapur Road Pvt.Ltd.
Fellow Subsidiaries : Ashoka Ankleshwar Manubar Expressway Pvt.Ltd.
Joint Operations Ashoka Infrastructures
Partnership Firm Ashoka High-Way AD
Partnership Firm Ashoks Bridgeways

## Enterprises in which Director / Key Management Personnel have Significant Influence

Key management personnel and their relatives:	<ol> <li>Kamal Asha Infrastructure &amp; Engineers (P) Ltd</li> <li>Kamal Wire Products</li> <li>Ashoka City Tower Construction Pvt Ltd</li> <li>Ashoka Shilp Akruti Pvt Ltd</li> </ol>
Directors and their relatives -	1. Peeyush Suresh Jain 2. Amol Tanaji Pawar 3. Kachardas Ratanchand Bedmutha 4. Ajay Kachardas Vedmutha

## 2. Transactions During the Year:

#### Sale of Materials / Rendering Services

Sale of	Sale of Materials / Rendering Services (				
Sr.No	Related Party	Description	For the Year Ended March 31, 2019	For the Year Ended March 31, 2018	
1	Ashoka Buildcon Ltd	Holding Company	211.47	198.95	
			211.47	198.95	

Rent	Doid
nen	raiu

Sr.No	Related Party	Description	For the Year Ended March 31, 2019	For the Year Ended March 31, 2018
1	Ashoka Buildcon Ltd	Holding Company	0.20	0.15
			0.20	0.15

# Purchase of Materials / Assets / Rendering Services

Sr.No	Related Party	Description	For the Year Ended March 31, 2019	For the Year Ended March 31, 2018
1	Bedmutha Industries Itd	Other Related Party	1.79	8.57
			1.79	8.57

### **Directors Salary**

Sr.No	Related Party	Description	For the Year Ended March 31, 2019	For the Year Ended March 31, 2018
1	Amol T Pawar	Directors	5.95	6.29
			5.95	6.29

Reimbursment at cost

Sr.No	Related Party	Description	For the Year Ended March 31, 2019	For the Year Ended March 31, 2018
1	Ashoka Buildcon Ltd	Holding Company	19.93	41.09
			19.93	41.09

3. Outstanding payable against :

## Receivable against the supply of material / asset

Sr.No	Related Party	Description	For the Year Ended March 31, 2019	For the Year Ended March 31, 2018
1	Ashoka Buildcon Ltd.	Holding Company	56.56	76.30
2	Bedmutha Industries Ltd	Other Related Party	0.03	0.88
			56.59	77.18

## Payable against the supply of service

Sr.No	Related Party	Description	For the Year Ended March 31, 2019	For the Year Ended March 31, 2018
2	Kamal Wire Products	Other Related Party	-	0.26
			-	0.26

As per our report of even date attached For Pravin R. Rathi & Associates Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 131494W For & on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sd/-

Ravi K. Rathi Partner Membership No. 120776

Place: Nashik Date: May 11 ,2019 Sd/-Manoj A Kulkarni Company Secretary Sd/-Peeyushkumar S Jain Director DIN - 07588639 Sd/-Ajay K Vedmutha Director DIN - 01726879